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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/892,185	06/26/2001		Brett O. Hall		1737
7:	590	05/10/2002			
Brett O Hall 4206 Lazy Creek Drive Marietta, GA 30066				EXAMINER	
				GIBSON, ERIC M	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3661	
			•	DATE MAILED: 05/10/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-			
	09/892,185	HALL, BRETT O.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	-			
	Eric M Gibson	3661				
The MAILING DATE of this communicate	ion appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA* - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica* - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) data* - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor of the state of the second of the seco	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>21 March 2002 and 29 Marci</u>	<u>1 2002</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINA L. 2b)[This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the app	lication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	vithdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 June 2001</u> is/s	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objecte	d to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection	•					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed or		disapproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are require						
12)⊠ The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority doc	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority doc	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation* See the attached detailed Office action for	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for d	omestic priority under 35 U.S.C	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign languants)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for c	• .					
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	948) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office			-			

Art Unit: 3661

DETAILED ACTION

Certificate of Correction

The copies of the Certificate of Correction filed with the application are improper,
 see MPEP §1485.

Oath/Declaration

- 2. The oath or declaration is defective because:
- a. It does not identify the mailing or post office address of each inventor. A mailing or post office address is an address at which an inventor customarily receives his or her mail and may be either a home or business address. The mailing or post office address should include the ZIP Code designation. The mailing or post office address may be provided in an application data sheet or a supplemental oath or declaration. See 37 CFR 1.63(c) and 37 CFR 1.76.
- b. The residence and mailing address are incomplete. Residence should be City/State of the applicant and the mailing address should be the P.O./Street, City/State and ZIP Code of the applicant. Listing the full address (P.O./Street, City/State and ZIP Code) of the applicant under residence and "same as residence" for the mailing address is also considered acceptable.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Art Unit: 3661

3. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

a. Claim 23 recites the limitation "the status of said traffic control means" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. There is no prior recitation of "a status" of the traffic control means in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by La Gambina (GB 2233372A).
- a. As per claim 23, La Gambina teaches a road traffic control system including a plurality of speed bumps disposed along the roadway (page 2, third para.) and a controller responsive to a traffic command signal to impede the passage of vehicles and including conventional warning signs to provide alarm notification to the motorist (page 5).

Art Unit: 3661

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 251

- 5. Claims 1-22 and proposed claim 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 251 as being an improper recapture of broadened claimed subject matter surrendered in the application for the patent upon which the present reissue is based. See *Hester Industries, Inc.* v. *Stein, Inc.*, 142 F.3d 1472, 46 USPQ2d 1641 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Clement,* 131 F.3d 1464, 45 USPQ2d 1161 (Fed. Cir. 1997); *Ball Corp.* v. *United States,* 729 F.2d 1429, 1436, 221 USPQ 289, 295 (Fed. Cir. 1984). A broadening aspect is present in the reissue which was not present in the application for patent. The record of the application for the patent shows that the broadening aspect (in the reissue) relates to subject matter that applicant previously surrendered during the prosecution of the application. Accordingly, the narrow scope of the claims in the patent was not an error within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 251, and the broader scope surrendered in the application for the patent cannot be recaptured by the filing of the present reissue application.
- a. As per claims 1-22, the applicant previously surrendered the subject matter of "at least one vehicle restrictor" in the prosecution of the original application. Originally filed claims 1-19 of Application No. 09/478,485 were drawn to a single "impedance device" (claim 1, line 22-23), and "a controllable road perturbation" (claims 18, line 8, and claim 19, line 9). The applied prior art Welford and Ceseri, taught a single controllable road perturbation. In the applicant's amendment in response to the rejection (Paper No. 5 of 09/478,485), the amended claims 20-40 are now reciting "a plurality of vehicle restrictors", and it is argued as distinguishable over the prior art

Art Unit: 3661

because of the ability to restrict "a plurality" [emphasis applicant's] of vehicles (pages 9-10).

b. As per claim 23, in the originally filed application, the claims were amended to overcome the teaching of Welford and Ceseri by adding the limitation that the system "determines the likelihood of a collision" as stated by the applicant on page 9 of Paper No. 5 of 09/478,485. Additionally, the Examiner's reasons for allowance in Paper No. 10c of 09/478,485, also indicate that the invention is allowable over the prior art because "the controller actuates vehicle restrictors... in order to prevent a collision". Proposed claim 23 does not at least contain the subject matter considered to be allowable in the original application.

Response to Arguments

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed 3/29/2002 and 3/21/2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- a. As per the applicant's arguments concerning the rejection of 23, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., responsiveness to traffic controls that have the purpose of coordinating the movement of intersecting or merging of vehicles, pedestrians, and trains) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Application/Control Number: 09/892,185

Art Unit: 3661

b. Additionally as per claim 23, in response to applicant's argument that "the applicant's use of a traffic control means in claim 23 also has the structure to prevent collisions due to moving violations or preventing the improper presence of a vehicle within the traffic environment" (Paper No. 7, page 4), a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Page 6

c. As per the applicant's argument concerning the rejections of claim 23 under 35 USC §251, the rejections stand as the reasons for improper recapture stated above are not dismissed by the applicant's statement of "it was never the intent of the applicant in the previous prosecution to surrender any patentable content" (Paper No. 7, filed 3/21/2002, page 5).

Remarks on Amendments

7. The amendments to the claims filed on 3/21/2002 and 3/29/2002 are in improper format for this application. Amendments filed in Reissue applications are filed under 37 CFR §1.173, which states that **no clean copies** be supplied, as the marked-up claims are entered, in order to show changes to the original claims.

Application/Control Number: 09/892,185

Art Unit: 3661

a. Claim 23 is improper in that all new claims **must be** completely underlined. In addition, "(amended)" **must be** included after the claim number.

b. Furthermore, each amendment **must** include the status of each claim in the application, i.e. "patent claims 1-21 (pending); newly added claims 22-23 (pending)".

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric M Gibson whose telephone number is (703) 306-4545. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Cuchlinski can be reached on (703) 308-3873. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)

Application/Control Number: 09/892,185

Art Unit: 3661

Page 8

305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

EMG April 29, 2002

MICHAEL J. ZANELLI PRIMARY EXAMINER